NOTES ON THE ABORIGINES

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

by

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Foreward

This paper, the third of a series dealing with the aborigines of Canada, intends to describe the Indian tribes living in the Province of Ontario.

These Indian tribes are all under the jurisdiction of the Indian Affairs Branch of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration.

Ontario has the largest native population of any province in Canada: 37,255, according to the 1954 official Census, The Métis (mixed-bloods) of Canadian Indian origin who do not live on Indian reserves are not included in this study.

There are approximately 27,000 aborigines of Algonquian stock (Algonkins, Ojibwas and Crees), and about 10,000 of Iroquoian stock in Ontario. The Iroquois and about one half of the Algonquians live in southern Ontario, in densely settled areas, while the remainder are nomads, living in the sparsely settled forests of the northern part of the Province.

The Iroquoian Hurons (or Wyandots), Tobacco (or Pétuns or Tionontatis) and the Neutrals (Atiwandaronks), who lived in southwestern Ontario during the 16th and 17th centuries, have all disappeared; weakened by smallpox they were ruthlessly destroyed by the Iroquois Five-Nations.

Classification of the Indian Tribes

ALGONQUIAN STOCK

Algonkins of Golden Lake;

Ojibwe (Chippewa):

Ojibwes of Lake Superior,

Mississaugas of Manitoulin and Mississagi River,

Ottawas (or Traders) of Manitoulin and Georgian Bay,

Potawatomis of Walpole Island,

Munceys (or Munsees and Moravians -- Mohicans).

Crees (Swampy or Woodland Cree, also called Muskegons):

Barren Lands Cree of Hudson Bay,

Fort Albany Cree,

Monsoni (at Moose Factory).

IROQUOIAN STOCK

The Five-Nations (17th Century):

Mohawks (Man-Eaters),

Oneidas (Rock-Standing),

Onondagas (On-a-hill),

Cayugas (Locusts-taken),

Senecas (a variant of Oneida).

The Six-Nations (18th Century): the above, plus the

. Tuscaroras (from North Carolina).

After the War of Independance (1775-1782) large numbers of Indians (Iroquois, Munsees and Potawatomis) moved into southern Ontario where reserves were granted to them by the Crown, as a reward for their loyalty to the British. Others bought lands from their own money when they came to Canada.

Trading Posts in Ontario

Under the French Regime in Canada, trading posts were established at the following points:

Fort Frontenac (Cataraqui): entrance of Lake Ontario, 1673;

Fort Niagara: head of Lake Ontario, 1679;

Fort Detroit: north of Detroit River, 1686;

Nepigon: north of Lake Nipigon, 1684;

Témiscamingue: on Lake Timiskaming, 1725;

Kaministiquia: north-east of Michipicoten, (closed in 1758);

Michipicoten: on north shore of Lake Superior, possibly around 1700;

Toronto: on north shore of Lake Ontario, 1749;

Sault-Sainte-Marie: between Lakes Superior and Huron, 1750;

Tabitibi: north of Témiscamingue, 1686;

Fort St-Pierre: on Rainy Lake (Lac-la-Pluie), 1717;

The Hudson's Bay Company had trading posts at:

Fort Severn: on south shore of Hudson Bay, 1676;

Moose Factory: on Moose River, James Bay, 1677;

Port Albany: on Albany River, James Bay, 1683;

Henly House: 150 miles up the Albany River, 1741.

Under the French Regime no purchase of land was ever made from the Indians, nor any formal Treaty for the cession of land ever entered into. Between 1763 and 1783 there was no attempt made to make terms with the natives as the lands were being taken up by the British, except for the purchase, made in 1764, of a strip of land along the western bank of the Niagara river; this purchase was confirmed by a treaty signed with the Mississaugas and Chippewas, May 9, 1781.

The British Government always recognized the title of the Indian tribes to the territory they occupied. The Indian title to the portion of Ontario that had not been acquired previously by the French was extinguished by a series of purchases, agreements and treaties, as follows:

Agreements, Treaties and Purchases 1783-1930 (1)

COLLINS purchase: May 22, 1785; in Matchedash Tp., Simcoe Co., on western shore of Lake Simcoe, from the Ojibwe.

CRAWFORD purchases: three separate parcels bought from:

- 1) The Iroquois (Point Baudet, on Lake St. Francis, to Gananoque river), Oct. 9, 1783;
- 2) The Mississaugas (mouth of Gananoque river to mouth of Trent river), Oct. 9, 1783;
- 3) The Mississaugas (Trent river to Toronto Purchase (Q.V. below) thence to Lakes Simcoe and Rice), Oct. 9, 1783. The two last purchases were confirmed Sept. 23, 1787.

TORONTO purchase: The draft Treaty of Sept. 23, 1787 was acknowledged as valid by the Missassaugas on Aug. 1, 1805, as including what is called "the Toronto Purchase," within the bounds of the first two Crawford purchases, by the CLAUS Treaty:

TREATY No. 1: May 19, 1790; cessions of lands in southwestern Ontario, by the Ottawas, Chippewas, Potawatomis and Hurons.

TREATY No. 3: Dec. 7, 1792; cession of lands in the Brantford district, from the Mississaugas for the Six-Nations coming into Canada from the United States (purchased in 1874). These lands were conveyed to the Six-Nations on Jan. 14, 1793. Parcels of land were further conveyed to the Six-Nations April 1, 1793 and August 21, 1797.

^{1.} The information concerning the Treaties of the Ontario Indians has been codified by J.L. Morris, in a booklet published by the Dept. of Lands and Forests of Ontario, in 1943; a large map shows the exact boundaries of each Treaty.

TREATY No. 5: May 22, 1798, with the Chippewas, to secure the harbour at Penetanguishene.

TREATY No. 6: Sept. 7, 1796, with the Chippewas; cession of lands on north shore of Thames river.

TREATY No. 7: Sept. 7, 1796, with the Chippewas; cessions of a tract of land on Chenail Ecarté river.

TREATY No. 11: June 30, 1798, with the Chippewas; cession of St. Joseph Island, in the strait between Lakes Huron and Superior.

TREATY No. 13A: August 2, 1805, with the Mississaugas; cession of a tract of land adjoining the "Toronto Purchase" to the west on the shore of Lake Ontario, reserving camping and fishing rights.

TREATY No. 14: Sept. 6, 1806, with the Mississaugas; conveyance to the Crown of the land described in Treaty No. 13A, without reference to camping and fishing rights.

TREATY No. 16: Nov. 18, 1815, with the Chippewas; cession of land between Lakes Simcoe and Huron.

TREATY No. 18: Oct. 17, 1818, with the Chippewas; cession of land south of Georgian Bay, between Lakes Simcoe and Huron.

TREATY No. 19: Oct. 28, 1818, with the Mississaugas; cession of the "Mississauga Tract" in southern Ontario, NW. of Toronto.

TREATY No. 20: Nov. 5, 1818, with the Chippewas: cession of land in the Peterborough district.

TREATY No. 21: March 9, 1819, with the Chippewas: cession of land on the river Thames, reserving 2 miles square near Moravian village.

TREATY No. 22 and No. 23: February 28, 1820, with the Mississaugas: cession of tracts of land formerly reserved by Treaty No. 13-A, on Credit River and Twelve and Sixteen Mile Creeks.

TREATY No. 24: July 20, 1820: provides annuities to the Mohawks of the Bay of Quinte, Mohawk Tnp., Hastings Co.

TREATY No. 25: July 8, 1822: confirms surrenders of March 9, 1819, by the Chippewas (Treaty No. 21).

TREATY No. 27: May 31, 1819: Provisional surrender by the Mississaugas of the lands between the Ottawa river (Ottawa to Pembroke) and the Crawford Purchases on the St. Lawrence River.

TREATY No. $27\frac{1}{4}$: Nov. 28, 1822: confirms May 31, 1819, surrender.

TREATY No. $27\frac{1}{2}$: April 26, 1825, with the Chippewas: cession of a large tract of land between Lakes Ontario and Huron and River St. Clair, by the Chippewas, and reserving tracts of land along River St. Clair, River Ausable and at Kettle Point, Lake Huron, plus a yearly annuity of 1,100 pounds.

TREATY No. 29: July 10, 1827: Indenture confirming Treaty No. $27\frac{1}{2}$.

TREATY No. 35: August 13, 1833, surrender of a tract of land called the "Huron Reserve," by the Wyandot tribe, on the Detroit River.

TREATIES No. 45 and 45½: August 9, 1836, at Manitowaning: surrender by the Ottawa and Chippewa of Manitoulin Islands and the Saukings (Saugeen) of Owen Sound of their territories and setting up the Manitoulin and other islands as reserves for the Ottawa and Chippewa, and Saugeen Island for the Saugeen tribe.

TREATY No. 57: June 1, 1847, with the Iroquois residing at St. Regis, cession of land between the St. Lawrence River and Plantagenet, (Glengarry County).

TREATY No. 60: September 7, 1850: ROBINSON-SUPERIOR TREATY. Surrender by the Ojibwe nation, living between the north shores of Lake Superior and the height of lands to the north (Hudson's Bay Co. Territory) for a 2,000 pound payment plus a 500 pound annuity, and setting up reserves at Kaministiquia (Fort-William), Michipicoten (Gros-Cap) and Gull River (on Lake Nipigon).

TREATY No. 61: Sept. 9, 1850: ROBINSON-HURON TREATY. Surrender by the Ojibwe nation inhabiting the eastern and northern shores of Lake Huron, from Batchewanaung Bay on Lake Superior to Penetanguishene on Lake Huron, to the height of lands in the north; setting up the reserves of: Magnetawan, Nihickshegeshing, Point Grondin, Shebawenaning,

Spanish River, Serpent River, Mississaga River, Dokis, Lake Nipissing, Wananabitibing, Thessalon River, Ogawaminang, Garden River, Batchewanung Bay, Wasaquising (Sandy Island), Naishcouteong River and Washanwenega Bay.

TREATY No. 72: October 13, 1854: surrender, by the Saugeen, of the Owen Sound district, of the Saugeen peninsula and reserving Saugeen, Chief's Point, Cape Crocker and Colpoy Bay reserves.

TREATY No. 82: February 9, 1857. Surrender, by the Chippewas, of Nawash of the Owen Sound (or Nawash) reserve, and extending the Cape Crocker reserve, plus the sum of 1,000 pounds, a sum to build a church, plus a ten pound annuity for each tribe member.

TREATY No. 94: October 6, 1862, with the Ottawa and Chippewa of Manitoulin Island, confirming possession by the Indians of lands reserved by Treaty Nos. 45 and 452, Aug. 9, 1836.

TREATIES No. 131 and 132: October 3, 1873. (MANITOBA TREATY No. 3). Surrender by the Saulteaux tribe of the Ojibwe, at the Northwest Angle of Lake of the Woods, of lands between the United States boundary and the heights of land to the east, the north and the west, between Lakes Nipigon and Winnipeg and the Albany River (55,000 square miles), and setting aside the following reserves: Rainy River, Northwest Angle, Lac Seul, Kettle Falls, Fort Frances, Eagle Lake, Flower Lake, Whitefish Lake, Shoal Lake, Whitefish Bay, Buffalo Point and Lake of the Woods.

TREATY No. 149A: September 20-24, 1875. Surrender of lands in northwestern Ontario (Favourable Lake district), by the Saulteaux and Swampy Cree of the Berens River, Poplar River and Norway House districts in Manitoba.

TREATY No. 9: 1905-06. JAMES BAY TREATY. Surrender by the Ojibwe, Cree and other Indians living north of the limits of the Robinson-Superior and the Robinson-Huron Treaties an area of 90,000 square miles and reserving lands on the basis of one square mile for each family of five, plus annuities, payment of school teachers! salaries and provision of school buildings and equipment.

The James Bay Treaty was signed on:

July 12, 1905, at Osnaburg House, June 7, 1906, at Abitibi, July 19, 1905, at Fort Hope, June 20, 1906, at Matachewan,

July 25, 1905, at Marten Falls, July 7, 1906, at Mattagami,

August 9, 1905, at Moose Factory, July 16, 1906, at Flying Post,

August 21, 1905, at the New Post, July 25, 1906, at New Brunswick House,

and, August 9, 1906, at Long Lac.

Adhesions to the James Bay Treaty were signed on:

July 5, 1929, at Trout Lake, July 25, 1930, at Fort Severn.

July 18, 1930, at Windigo Lake, July 28, 1930, at Winisk.

Pursuant to Treaty No. 9, reserves were set aside at the following points: Osnaburg, English River, Moose Factory, New Post, Abitibi, Matachewan, Mattagami, Flying Post, Chapleau, New Brunswick House, Longlac, Trout Lake, Sachigo Lake, Wunnumin Lake, Caribou Lake, Fort Severn (at the Beaverstone River), Winisk and Attawapiskat (at the junction of Little Ekwan and the main Ekwan Rivers).

TREATY No. 5 (Adhesion) of 1908, 1909 and 1910 include a narrow strip of land Northwest of the boundaries of Adhesions to Treaty No. 9, along the border between Manitoba and Ontario.

INDIAN LANDS ACT, Ontario 1924: "An Act for the settlement of certain questions between the Governments of Canada and Ontario respecting Indian Reserve lands." Assented to April 17, 1924. The Act provides for:

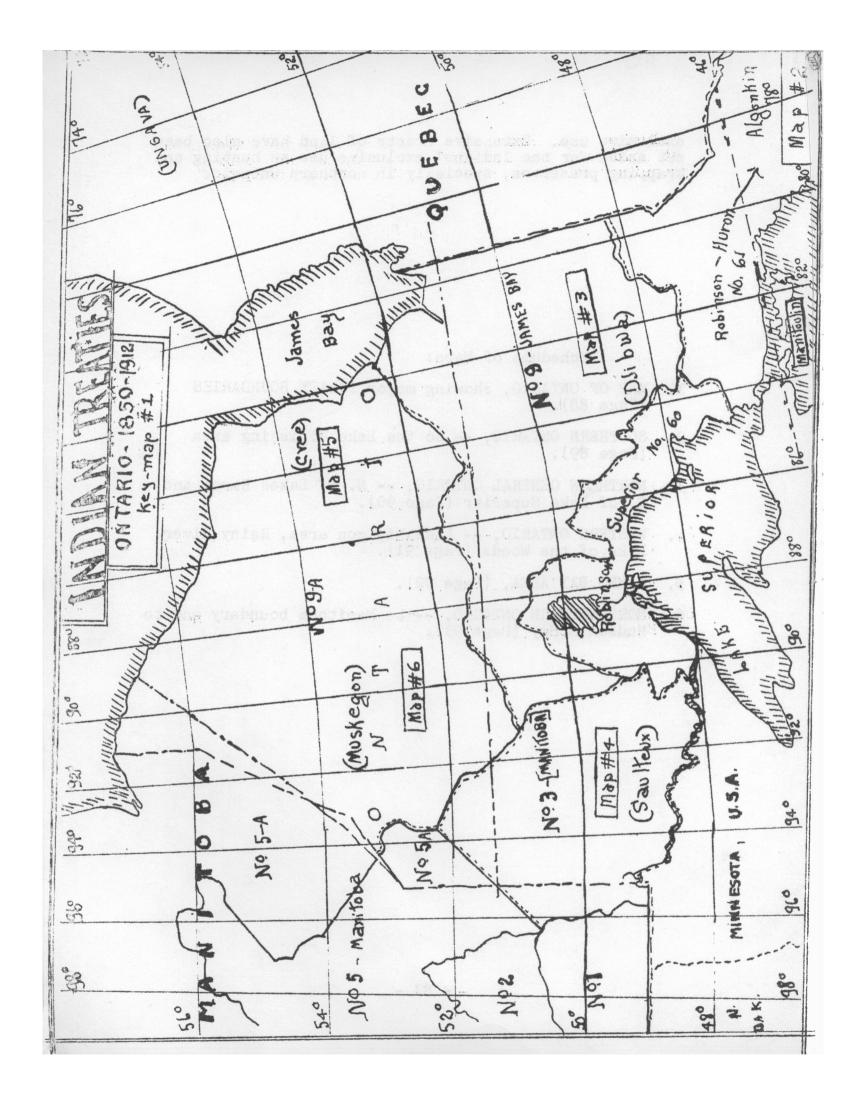
- 1) all Indian reserves in Ontario to be administered by the federal government; upon surrender of portions of these reserves, or of entire reserves under the direction of the government of Canada, these same lands shall be administered by the province of Ontario;
- 2) any lease, sale or other disposition of the lands reserved for Indians may include or may be limited to the minerals contained in or under these lands.

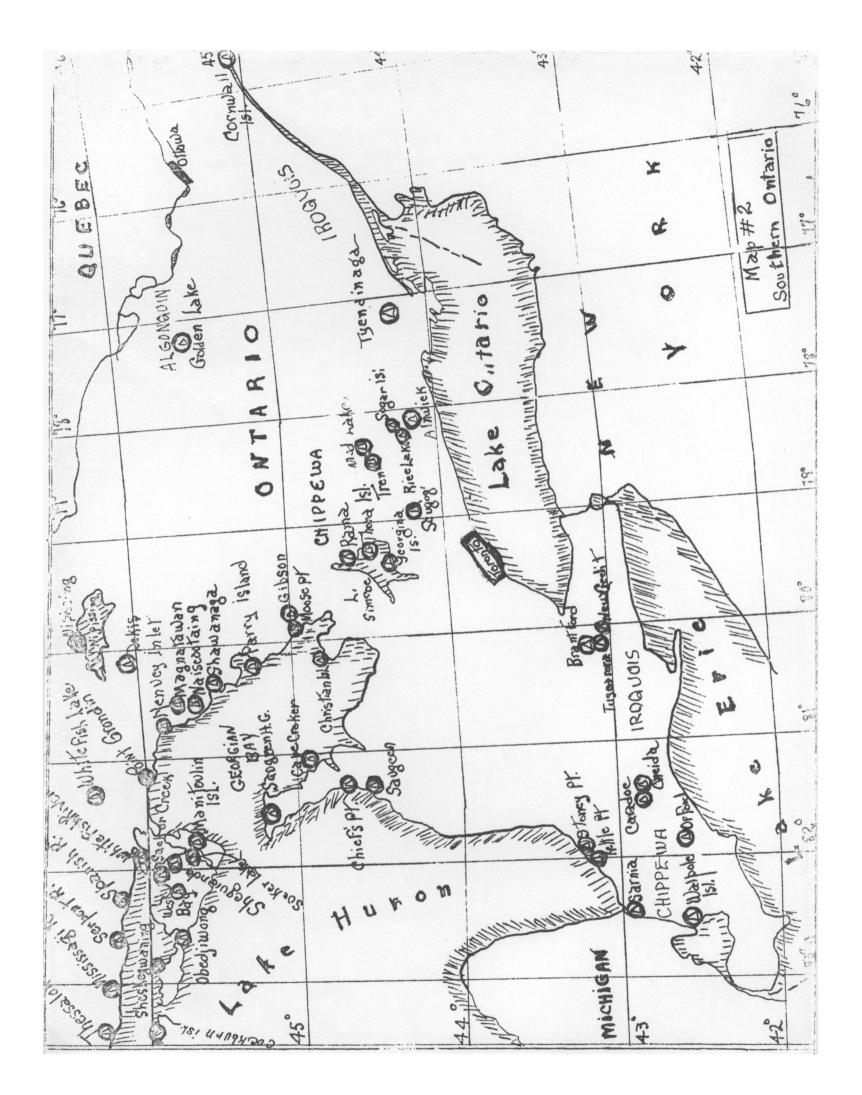
Thus between May 22, 1785 and July 1930, all the lands comprised within the present boundaries of the province of Ontario had been surrendered by the Indians, and a large number of reserves had been recently set aside for their

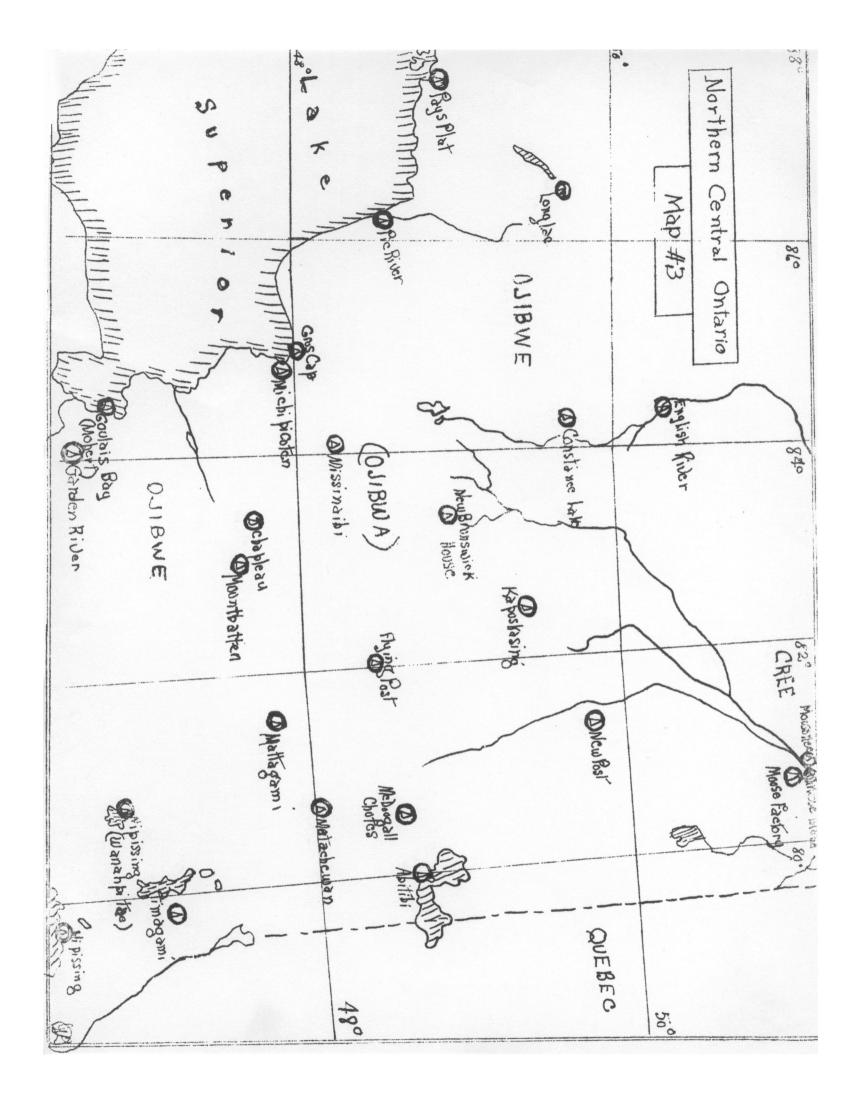
exclusive use. Extensive tracts of land have also been set aside for the Indians' exclusive use as hunting and trapping preserves, specially in northern Ontario.

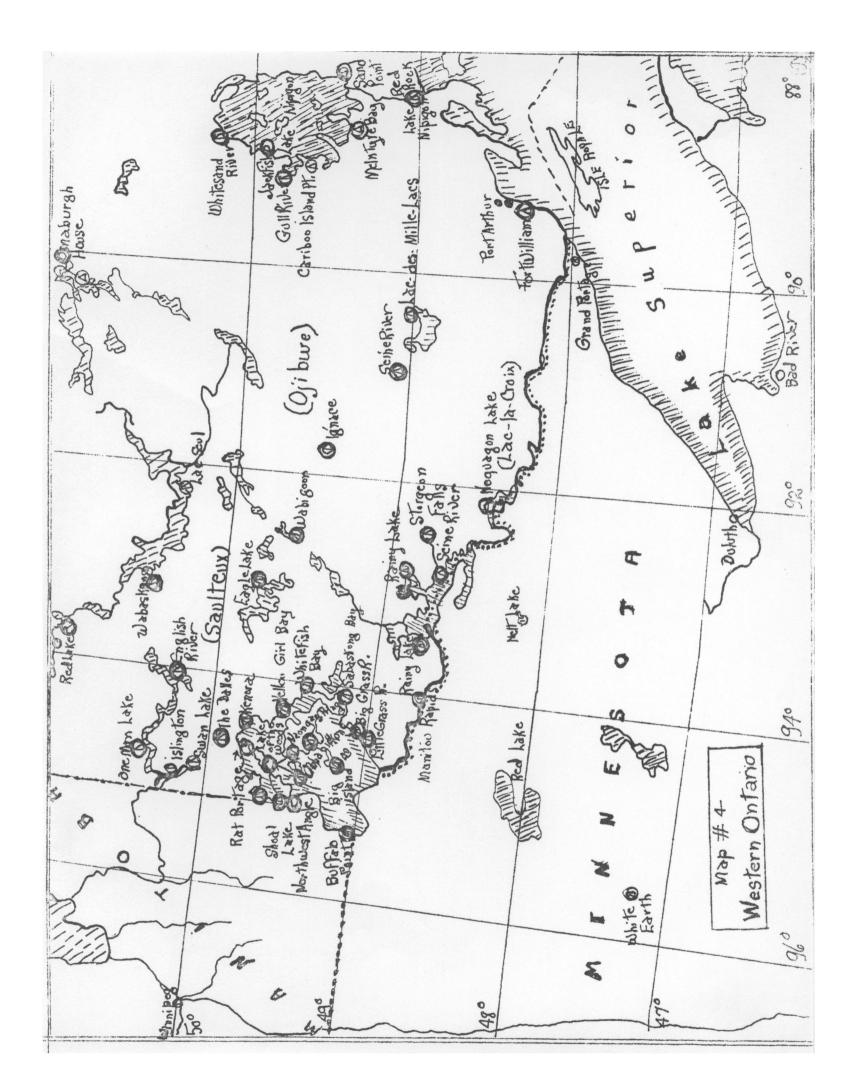
Schedule of Maps:

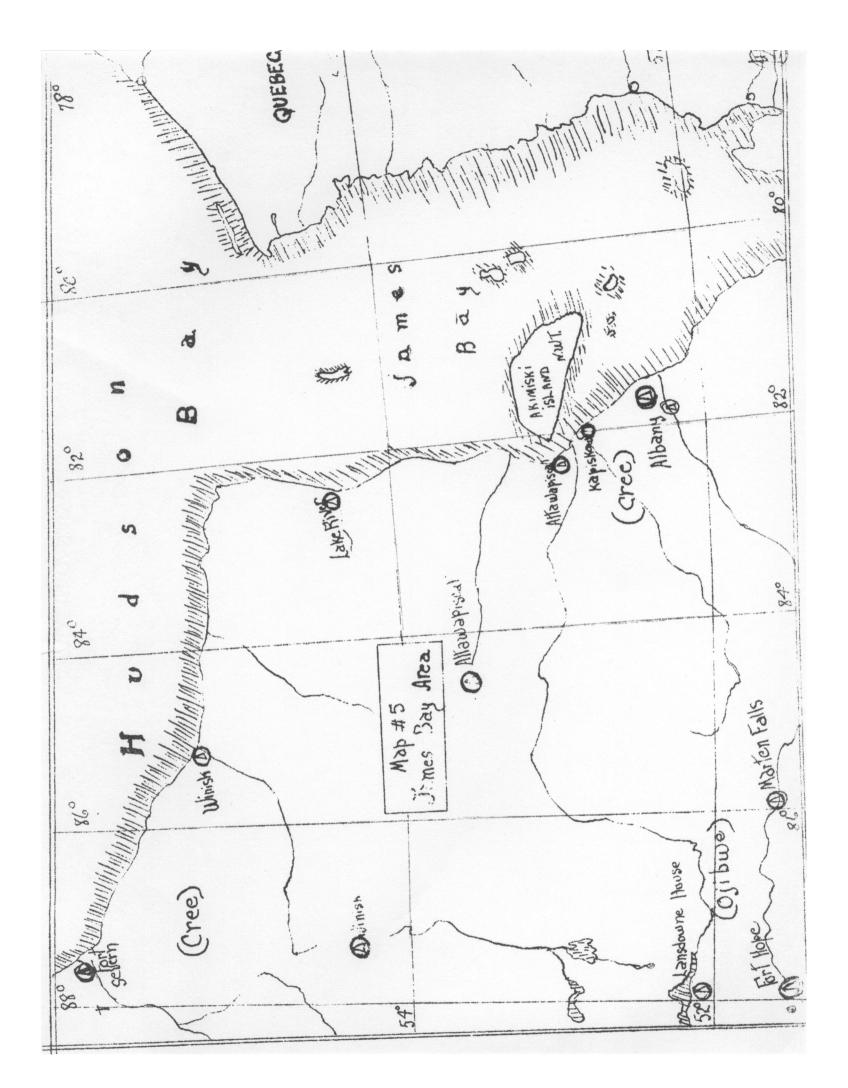
- Y. MAP OF ONTARIO, showing major TREATY BOUNDARIES (Page 88).
- 2. SOUTHERN ONTARIO, -- to the Lake Nipissing area (Page 89).
- 3. NORTHERN CENTRAL ONTARIO, -- N. of Lakes Huron and E. of Lake Superior (Page 90).
- 4. WESTERN ONTARIO, -- Lake Nipigon area, Rainy River, Lake of the Woods (Page 91).
- 5. JAMES BAY AREA, (Page 92).
- 6. NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO, -- to Manitoba boundary and to Hudson's Bay (Page 93).

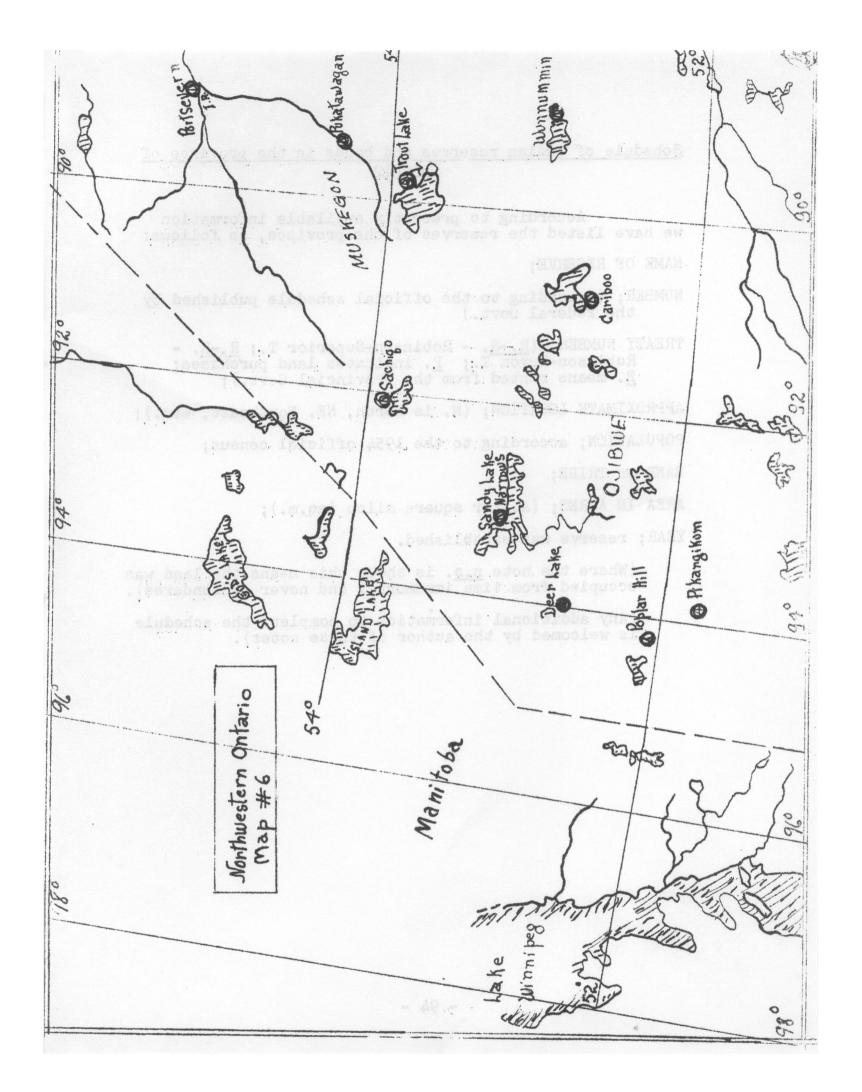












Schedule of Indian reserves and bands in the province of Ontario

According to presently available information we have listed the reserves of the province, as follows:

NAME OF RESERVE:

NUMBER; (according to the official schedule published by the federal Govt.)

TREATY NUMBER; (R.-S. - Robinson-Superior T.; R.-H. - Robinson-Huron T.; P. indicates land purchases; R. means rented from the provincial Govt.);

APPROXIMATE LOCATION; (N. is North, NE. Northeast, etc.);

POPULATION; according to the 1954 official census;

BAND or TRIBE;

AREA IN ACRES; (A.) or square miles (sq.m.);

YEAR; reserve was established.

12 m

(Where the note $\underline{n.s.}$ is shown this means the land was occupied from time immemorial and never surrendered).

(Any additional information to complete the schedule is welcomed by the author of these notes).

SCHEDULE OF INDIAN RESERVES IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO (1)

- ABITIBI, No. 70 (T.9), S. Lake Abitibi, 59 Ojibwe, 19,200 A., 1908.
- AGENCY (SABASKASING), 30 (3), Sabaskasing Bay, 43 Ojibwe, 640 A., 1915.
- ALNWICK, 37 (P.), N. of Cobourg, 232 Mississ., 3,256 A., 1836.
- ATTAWAPISKAT, (9), Ekwan R., N. Ont., 726 Cree, 104 s.m.,
- BIG GRASS RIVER, 35G, (3), L. of the Woods, --Ojibwe, 8,960 A., 1915.
- BIG ISLAND, 31D, E, F, (3), L. of the Woods, 112 Ojibwe, 3,710 A., 1915.
 - and 37, L. of the Woods, --, 1,946 A., 1915.
- CAPE CROKER, 27, -, Saugeen Peninsula, 603 Ojibwe, 15,586 A., 1854.
- CARADOC, 42, -, SW. of London, 660 Ojibwe, 10,800 A., 1819. 153 Munsee,
- CARIBOO ISL. PT., 56 -, on Lake Nipigon, --, 135 A., 1884.
- CARIBOU LAKE, (9), near Atikun, NW. Ont., 240 Cree, 35 s.m.,
- CHAPLEAU, 61 (P.), S. of Chapleau, 9 Ojibwe, 220 A., 1905.
 - 74 (9), Adjacent to 61, 160 A., 1907.
 - 75 (9), S. of Chapleau L., 49 Cree (M.F.), 267 A., 1907.
- CHIEF'S POINT, 28 -, Saugeen Peninsula, 506 Ojibwe, 1,280 A., 1854.

^{1.} The Ontario Provincial Legislature confirmed by Act No. 102 the setting aside of most of the reserves in the Fort Frances and Kenora areas.

- CHRISTIAN ISLANDS, 30 -, SE. Georgian Bay, 386 Ojibwe, (C., Hope & Beckwith) 13,264 A., 1856.
- COCKBURN ISLAND, 19 -, Manitoulin Island, 47 Ojibwe, 864 A., 1862.
- CORNWALL ISLAND, 59, -, near Cornwall, 717 Mohawk, 2,050 A., (n.s.).
- DOKIS, 9, R-H, SW. Lake Nipissing, 207 Ojibwe, 30,300 A., 1850.
- EAGLE LAKE, 27, (3) D. of Kenora, 80 Ojibwe, 8,882 A., 1915.
- ENGLISH RIVER, 66, (9), N. of Constance L., on English R., (CONSTANCE LAKE) (N. of Mammamattawa) 312 Ojibwe, 7,680 A., 1907.
- ENGLISH RIVER, 21, (3), N. of Kenora, 253 Ojibwe, 10,244 A., (GRASSY NARRÓWS) 1915.
- FLYING POST, 73, (9), W. of Timmins, 47 Ojibwe, 14,720 A., 1907.
- FORT ALBANY, 67, (9), W. coast James Bay, 722 Cree, 89,600 A., --.
- FORT HOPE, 64, (9), N. shore L. Eabamet, 827 Ojibwe, 64,000 A., --.
- FORT SEVERN, (9A), M. Beaverstone R., 147 Cree, 15 sq.m.,
- FORT WILLIAM, 52, R-S., M. Kaministiquia R., 248 Ojibwe, 14,066 A., 1850.
- FRENCH RIVER, 13, R-H., Ogawaning, Parry Sound, -Ojibwe, 6285 A., 1850.
- GARDEN RIVER, 14, R-H., Near Sault-Ste-Marie, 438 Ojibwe, 28,510 A., 1850.
- GEORGINA ISLAND, 33, -, In Lake Simcoe, 169 Ojibwe, 3578 A., N.S. (THORAH, SNAKE, FOX and other islands)

- GIBSON, 31, -(P.), Muskoka District, 230 Ojibwe & Iroquois, (or WATHA)
 14.795 A., 1881.
- GLEBE FARM, 40B, (P.), in Brantford, Six-Nations, 181 A.
- GOLDEN LAKE, 39, -(P.), S. of Pembroke, Algonquins, 1,560 A., 1870.
- GOULAIS BAY, 15A, -R-H., N.W. of Sault-Ste-Marie, 331 Ojibwe, (BATCHAWANA)
 1,595 A., 1852.
- GROS CAP, 49, R-S., W. Michipiciten R., L. Sup., --, 8,960 A., 1850.
- GULL RIVER, 5, R-S., W. shore Lake Nipigon, 232 Ojibwe, 9,825 A., 1850.
- HENVEY INLET, 2, R-H., on Georgian Bay, P.S., 105 Ojibwe, 23,810 A., 1850.
- ISLANDS IN TRENT WATERS, 36A, -, Peterborough & Victoria Counties, -- Mississagas, 246 A., 1893.
- ISLINGTON, 29, (3), WhiteDog R., Kenora distr., 339 Ojibwe, 20,954 A., 1915.
- JACKFISH, 57, -, W. shore Lake Nipigon, --, 362 A., 1885.
- KAPUSKASING, 83, (9), near City of Kapuskasing, --, 44 A., 1924.
- KENORA, 38B, (3), Matheson's Bay, L. of Woods, --, 5,289 A., 1915.
- KETTLE POINT, 44, -, Lambton Co., sh. L. Huron, 473 Ojibwe, (total with Stony Pt. infra), 2,224 A., 1827.
- LAC DES MILLE LACS, 22A1, (3), Thunder Bay District, 79 Ojibwe, 3,750 A., 1915.
- LAC SEUL, 28, (3), Lac Seul, Kenora district, 607 Ojibwe, 49,000 A., 1915.
- LAKE OF THE WOODS, 31B-C-G-H, (3), 34, 35E-J, and 37B, Lake of the Woods, S. of Kenora, --Ojibwe, --, 1915.

- LAKE OF THE WOODS ISLANDS, 37, (3), Lake of the Woods, S.of (WINDIGO, WINDFALL and CYCLONE)
 Kenora, --Ojibwe, --, 1915.
- LITTLE GRASSY RIVER, 35E, (3), Lake of the Woods, Rainy River District, -- Ojibwe, 2,880 A., 1915.
- LONG LAKE, 7, (9), N. end of Long Lac, Bd 58: 379 Ojibwe, Bd 77: 211 Ojibwe, 17,280 A., 1907.
- MAGNETAWAN, 1, R-H., on Magnetawan R., Parry Sound, 42 Ojibwe, 11,694 A., 1850 & 1907.
- MANITOULIN ISLAND, --, --, Eastern Peninsula Manitoulin Island, 1,910 Ojibwe, 105,300 A., N.S.
- MANITOU RAPIDS, 11, (3), Rainey River District, W. of Fort Frances, No. 1: 47 Ojibwe, No. 2: 55 Ojibwe, 5,674 A., 1915.
- MARTEN FALLS, 65, (9), N. Albany R., E. of H.B.C. Post, 175 Ojibwe, 19,200 A., 1912.
- MATACHEWAN, 72, (9), Turtle Lake, Timiscaming, 113 Ojibwe, 10,276 A., 1907.
- MATTAGAMI, 71, (9), Mattagami, district of Sudbury, 108 Ojibwe, 12,800 A., 1907.
- MICHIPICOTEN, 48, -, Michipicoten R., L. Superior, 48 Ojibwe, 178 A., 1885.
- MISSINAIBI, 62, -, Dog Lake, near Missanaibi, Algoma, 53 Cree, 216 A., 1905.
- MISSISSAGI RIVER, 8, R-H., N. shore Lake Huron, 194 Ojibwe, 4,310 A., --.
- MOBERT, 82, -(P.), White Lake, Thunder Bay D., --Ojibwe, 35 A., 1925.
- MOOSE FACTORY, 68, (9), East sh. Moose River, J.B., 570 Cree, 42,240 A., 1907.
- MOOSE FACTORY, -, (9), on Moose Island, -- Cree, --, 1956.
- MOOSE POINT, 79, (P.), S. Muskoka R., Georgian Bay, 85 Ojibwe, 619 A., 1917.

- MOUNTBATTEN, -, -, SE. of Chapleau, --, --.
- MUD LAKE, 35, -, Mud Lake, near Peterborough, 453 Mississagas, 1,664xA., 1898-1900.
- McDOUGALL CHUTES, 78, (9), Matheson, Timiscaming, --, 18 A., 1908.
- McINTYRE BAY, 54, -, S. Lake Nipigon, 92 Ojibwe, 585 A., 1885.
- NAISCOUTAING, 17A-B, R-H., Parry Sound District, --, (A) 2,634 A., 1850. (B) 178 A., 1877.
- NAONGASHING, 65A, (3), SW. Presqu'Ile Peninsula, Lake of the Woods, 274 Ojibwe (Assabaska), 2,650 A., 1917.
- NEQUAGON LAKE, 25D, Lac-la-Croix, Rainy Lake D., 101 Ojibwe, 15,355 A., 1918.
- NEW BRUNSWICK HOUSE, 76, (9), NE. Missinaibi Lake, --, 17,280 A., 1907.
- NEW CREDIT, 40A, -, SE. of Brantford, pts. of Tuscarora and Oneida reserves, 408 Mississaga, 6,000 A., 1903.
- NEW POST, 69, (9), 8 M.S. of New Post, Abitibi R., 28 Ojibwe, 5,120 A., 1907.
- NIPISSING, 10, R-H., N. shore Lake Nipissing, 409 Ojibwe, 6,237 A., 1850.
- NORTHWEST ANGLE, 34C, (3), N. of Northwest A. River, Bd 33: 84 Ojibwe; & 37B, D. of Kenora, Bd 37: 69 Ojibwe, 3,299 A., 1915.
- OBABIKONG, 35B, (3), Sw. Presqu'Ile Penins., Kenora D., --, 1,760 A., 1915.
- OBIDGEWONG, 21, -, Manitoulin Island, --, 732 A., 1836.
- ONEIDA, 41, -, (P.), SW. of London, adjacent to Caradoc reserve, 1,307 Oneidas, 5,271 A., 1840.
- ONE MAN LAKE, 29, (3), On English River, D. of Patricia, --, 668 A., 1915.
- ORFORD, 47, -, New Fairfield on Thames River, 338 (Moravian, Mohican, Munsee, & Delaware), 3,028 A., 1793.

- OSNABURG, 63A, (9), S. Lake St. Joseph, 544 Ojibwe, 12,800 A., 1907.
- PARRY ISLAND, 16, R-H., E.Sh. Georgian Bay, 234 Ojibwe, 18,481 A., 1851.
- PAYS PLAT, 51, -, N. Shore Lake Superior, Thunder Bay D., 35 Ojibwe, 605 A., 1855.
- PIC RIVER, 50, -, Mouth Pic R., Thunder Bay D., 403 Ojibwe, 800 A., 1885.
- PIKANGIKUM, 14, (5), N. Shore Berens R., at Pikangikum Lake, 387 Ojibwe, 2,240 A., --.
- POINT GRONDIN, 3, R-H., N. Shore Lake Huron, 25 Ojibwe, 10,100 A., 1850.
- RAINY LAKE, 16A-D, (3), 16A: Rainy Lake N. Ft. Frances, 15 Ojibwe, 152 A., 1915.

(COUCHICHING), 16D: W. of Stangecoming Bay, --, 11,200 A., 1915.

RAINY LAKE; 17-A-B, 18B-C, (2) 17A; Northwest Bay, --, 3,711 A., 1915.

(NIACATCHEWININ), (3)

17B: Clear Water Lake, --, 2,439 A., 1915. 18B: District of Rainy R., 4,553 A., 1915. 18C: N. Stangecoming Bay, 3,681 A., 1915.

(86 Ojibwe (Niacatchewinin Bd) (15 Stangecoming Bd (180)

also:

Hungry Hall Bd 1: 12 Ojibwe Hungry Hall Bd 2: 9 Ojibwe Long Sault Bd 1: 5 Ojibwe Long Sault Bd 2: 31 Ojibwe

^{2.} The Fort Frances Agency reserves: Agency Pither's Ltd., Little Forks, Long Sault No. 1 and 2, The Bishop (Hungry Hall No. 1), Paskonkin (Hungry Hall No. 2), have been surrendered in 1915, to the Ontario provincial government.

- RAINY LAKE, 26A-B-C, (3), A: Red Gut Bay, Rainy Lake, --, 4,815 A., 1915.
 - (NICICKOUSEMENECANING): B: Porter Inlet, Rainy Lake, --, 2,640 A., 1915.

C: Sand Island R., 43 Ojibwe,

2,737 A., 1915.

- RAMA, 32, -, (P.), NE. Bay Lake Simcoe, 370 Ojibwe, 2,253 A., 1843.
- RAT PORTAGE, 38A (3), White Partridge Bay, Lk. of the Woods, 191 Ojibwe, 8,000 A., 1915.
- RED ROCK, 53, -, On Nipigon R., Booth Tnp., 224 Ojibwe, 468 A., 1885.
- RICE LAKE, 36, -, N. Shore Rice Lake, Peterborough, 84 Mississagas, 1,860 A., 1834.
- SABASKONG BAY, 35C-D-F-H, N. & S. Sabaskong Bay, S. of Crow Lake & 32C, Lake of the Woods, 274 Ojibwe,

1,920 A., in 35C 1,280 A., in 35D 1,280 A., in 35F 640 A., in 35H 1,280 A., in 32C

- SACHIGO LAKE, -, (9A), Northern Ontario pt. of Trout Lake Bd (q.v.), --, 14 sq. miles.
- SAND POINT, 80, (Rented), On Lake Nipigon, 74 Ojibwe, 236 A.,
- SAND LAKE NARROWS, -, (9A), Northern Ontario Deer Lake, 683 Ojibwe, 17 sq. miles.
- SARNIA, 45, -, S. city of Sarnia, 438 Ojibwe, 6,148 A., 1827.
- SAUGEEN, 29, -, SW. Saugeen Peninsula, 506 Ojibwe, 9,020 A., 1836.
- SAUGEEN HUNTING GROUNDS, 60, N. pt. Saugeen Penins., --, 3,800 A., 1896.

- SCUGOG, 34, -(P.), Island on Lake Scugog, 55 Mississagas, 800 A., 1843.
- SEINE RIVER, 22A2, (3), Bet. Seine & Firestell Rivers, 211 Ojibwe, 8,776 A., 1915.
- SEINE RIVER, 23A, (3), Wild Potato Lake, Seine R., --, 4,345 A., 1915.
- SEINE RIVER, 23B, (3), Mouth Seine River, --, 2,234 A., 1915.
- SERPENT RIVER, 7, R-H., E. mouth Mississagi R., Lake Huron, 261 Ojibwe, 26,702 A., 1850.
- SHAWANAGA, 17, R-H., Parry Sound District, 105 Ojibwe, 8,373 A., 1850.
- SHEGUIANDAH, 24, R-H., Manitoulin Island, 78 Ojibwe, 5,106 A., 1862.
- SHESHEGWANING, 20, -, Manitoulin Island, 140 Ojibwe, 5,000 A., 1862.
- SHOAL LAKE, 31J, S. of Shoal Lake (Kenora D.), 1,280 A., 1915
 - 34B-1, S. of Shoal Lake, 640 A., 1915.
 - 34B-2, Snowshoe Bay & Island, 426 A., 1915.
 - 37A, West of Shoal Lake 215 A., 1915.
 - 39, West of Shoal Lake (Man. & Ont.), 874 A., 1915.
 - 39A, West of Shoal Lake (Man. & Ont.), 7,850 A., 1915.
- 40, (INDIAN BAY), Shoal Lake, (M&O) 1,033 A., 1915.
- SPANISH RIVER, 5, R-H., Mouth Spanish R., Lake Huron, 450 Ojibwe, 28,000 A., 1850.
- STONY POINT, 43, -, S.Shore Lake Huron, -Ojibwe (See Kettle Pt), 2,224 A., 1827.
- STURGEON FALLS, 23, (3), Seine River District, -Ojibwe, 6,236 A., 1915.
- SUCKER CREEK, 23, Manitoulin Island, 109 Ojibwe, 1,665 A., 1862.

- SUCKER LAKE, 25, Manitoulin Island, 12 Ojibwe, 599 A., 1862.
- SUGAR ISLAND, 37A, -(P.), In Rice Lake, 232 Mississagas, 100 A., 1899.
- SWAN LAKE, 29, (3), District of Kenora, -Ojibwe, 3,277 A., 1915.
- THE DALLES, 38C, Winnipeg River, N. of Kenora, 76 Ojibwe, 8,064 A., 1915.
- THESSALON, 12, R-H., N. Shore Lake Huron, 72 Ojibwe, 2,307 A., 1850.
- THORAH ISLAND, 3, In Lake Simcoe, Ojibwe of Georg. Isl., 4 A., Unc.
- TROUT LAKE, (9A), In northern Ontario, 1,175 Ojibwe, 85 sq. m., --.
- TUSCARORA, 40, -, SE. of Brantford, 6,385 Iroquois, 38,765 A.,

(SIX-NATIONS)

1784.

- TYENDINAGA, 38, -, Bay of Quinte, W. of Kingston, 1,730 Mohawks, 17,604 A., 1793.
- WABASKANG, 21, (3), Wabaskang Lake, Kenora D., 64 Ojibwe, 8,042 A., 1915.
- WABIGOON LAKE, 27, (3), Wabigoon L., D. of Kenora, 103 Ojibwe, 12,872 A., 1915.
- WAHANAPITAE, 11, R-H., At L. Wahnapitae, Sudbury D., 30 Ojibwe, 2,560 A., 1850.
- WALPOLE ISLAND, 46, -, Head of Lake St. Clair, 1,041 Ojibwe and Potawatomies, 40,480 A., 1831.
- WEST BAY, 22, -, Manitoulin Island, 528 Ojibwe, 8,399 A., 1862.
- WINISK, (9A), Junct. Winisk & Asheweig Rivers, N.O., 143 Cree, 17 Sq. miles.
- WHITEFISH BAY, 33A, (3), S. Lobstick Bay, L. of the Woods, 223 Ojibwe, 4,865 A., 1915.

- WHITEFISH LAKE, 6, R-H., N. Collins Inlet, L. Huron, --, 47,755 A., 1850.
- WHITEFISH RIVER, 4, R-H., Mouth Whitefish R., N. Shore L. Huron, 192 Ojibwe, 10,600 A., 1850.
- WHITESAND RIVER, 81, R-H., N. Whitesand R., NW. sh. 1. Nipigon, 182 Ojibwe, 276 A., 1919.
- WUNNUMIN LAKE, (9A), -, Northern Ont. for Trout Lake Band, --, 27 Sq. miles.
- YELLOW GIRL BAY, 32B, (3), Lake of the Woods, -Ojibwe, (Whitefish Bay Band), 4,454 A., 1915.

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